Most children who have lead poisoning do not look or act sick.

- The only way to know if your child has lead poisoning is for your child to get a blood test for lead.
- Talk to your child's doctor. Your child may need a blood test for lead poisoning. Most children are tested at 1 and 2 years old. Some children over 2 also need to get tested.
- Your child may be able to get free health care, including tests for lead. To find out, call 1-888-747-1222. The call is free.
- If you are pregnant, lead can hurt your baby. Ask your doctor if you should get a blood test for lead.

LEAD IS IN paint and dust inside and outside of homes and buildings built before 1978.

- Wet mop floors, wet wipe window sills, vacuum, and wash all surfaces often with household cleaner. Rinse with clean water.
- Wash your child's hands often, especially before eating and sleeping. Also wash your child's toys often.
- Do not let your child chew on painted surfaces or eat paint chips.
- Cover bare dirt outside your home with plants, paving stones, concrete, bark, or gravel.
- Take off shoes or wipe them on a doormat before going inside.
- Never sand, dry scrape, power wash or sandblast paint unless it has been tested and does not have lead in it. Call your local Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program to find out about testing your paint.

LEAD IS IN pots and dishes that are old, handmade, or made outside of the U.S.

- Have these tested for lead before you use them for food or drinks. Call your local Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program to find out about testing your pots and dishes.

LEAD IS IN many workplaces.

- Ask your employer to tell you if you work with lead. Workplaces where lead is found include:
  - places where people work with radiators or batteries, or do soldering or welding
  - places built before 1978 that are being painted or remodeled
- If you work with lead, change out of your work clothes and shoes, and wash or shower before you come home.

For more information

Call your local Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program or check on-line at:
www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/clppb